

U.S. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION Boston Area Office

RE:

John F. Kennedy Federal Building Government Center, Room 475 Boston, MA 02203-0506 Toll Free Number: (866) 408-8075 Boston Direct Dial: (617) 565-4805 Boston Direct Line: (617) 565-3200

Internet: www.eeoc.gov Email: info@eeoc.gov

TTY: (617) 565-3204 FAX: (617) 565-3196

Charge No.: 523-2014-00916 Cote v. Wal-Mart Stores East, L.P.

Charging Party

Jacqueline Cote 3687 Acushnet Ave New Bedford, MA 02745

Charging Party Counsel

Alison Wright, Esq. & Janson Wu, Esq. GLAD (Gay & Lesbian Advocates & Defenders) 30 Winter Street Suite 800 Boston, MA 02109

Peter Romer-Friedman, Esq., Deputy Director of Litigation Washington Lawyers' Committee for Civil Rights & Urban Affairs 11 Dupont Circle, NW, Suite 400 Washington, DC 20036

Respondent/Respondent Counsel
WAL-MART STORES EAST, L.P.
c/o Christopher B. Kaczmarek, Esq.
Littler Mendelson, PC
One International Place, Suite 2700
Boston, MA 02110

The U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission ("Commission") has determined that efforts to conciliate the above referenced Charge of Discrimination ("Charge") as required by Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, have been unsuccessful.

This letter constitutes the notice required by §1601.25 of the Commission's Procedural Regulations which provides that the Commission shall notify a respondent in writing when it determines that further conciliation would be futile or non-productive.

No further efforts to conciliate this case will be made. At this time the Charging Party will receive a Notice of Right to Sue and may pursue this matter in Federal Court.

On Behalf of the Commission:

Kenneth An Area Director Date

-29-15

NOTICE OF RIGHT TO SUE

(CONCILIATION FAILURE)

To: Jacqueline Cote 3687 Acushnet Ave New Bedford, MA 02745

From: Boston Area Office

John F. Kennedy Fed Bldg Government Ctr, Room 475 Boston, MA 02203

	On behalf of person(CONFIDENTIAL (29	s) aggrieved whose identity is CFR §1601.7(a))	
EEOC Charge No.		EEOC Representative	Telephone No.
		Susan M. Boscia,	
523-2014-00916		Investigator	(617) 565-3213

TO THE PERSON AGGRIEVED:

This notice concludes the EEOC's processing of the above-numbered charge. The EEOC found reasonable cause to believe that violations of the statute(s) occurred with respect to some or all of the matters alleged in the charge but could not obtain a settlement with the Respondent that would provide relief for you. In addition, the EEOC has decided that it will not bring suit against the Respondent at this time based on this charge and will close its file in this case. This does not mean that the EEOC is certifying that the Respondent is in compliance with the law, or that the EEOC will not sue the Respondent later or intervene later in your lawsuit if you decide to sue on your own behalf.

- NOTICE OF SUIT RIGHTS -

(See the additional information attached to this form.)

Title VII, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act, or the Age Discrimination in Employment Act: This will be the only notice of dismissal and of your right to sue that we will send you. You may file a lawsuit against the respondent(s) under federal law based on this charge in federal or state court. Your lawsuit must be filed WITHIN 90 DAYS of your receipt of this notice; or your right to sue based on this charge will be lost. (The time limit for filing suit based on a claim under state law may be different.)

Equal Pay Act (EPA): EPA suits must be filed in federal or state court within 2 years (3 years for willful violations) of the alleged EPA underpayment. This means that backpay due for any violations that occurred more than 2 years (3 years) before you file suit may not be collectible.

If you file suit, based on this charge, please send a copy of your court complaint to this office.

On behalf of the Commission

Enclosures(s)

Feng K. An, Area Office Director (Date Mailed)

cc: WAL-MART STORES EAST, L.P. c/o Christopher B. Kaczmarek Littler Mendelson, PC One International Place, Suite 2700 Boston, MA 02110

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Washington, DC 20036

INFORMATION RELATED TO FILING SUIT UNDER THE LAWS ENFORCED BY THE EEOC

(This information relates to filing suit in Federal or State court <u>under Federal law.</u>

If you also plan to sue claiming violations of State law, please be aware that time limits and other provisions of State law may be shorter or more limited than those described below.)

PRIVATE SUIT RIGHTS

Title VII of the Civil Rights Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act (GINA), or the Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA):

In order to pursue this matter further, you must file a lawsuit against the respondent(s) named in the charge within 90 days of the date you receive this Notice. Therefore, you should keep a record of this date. Once this 90-day period is over, your right to sue based on the charge referred to in this Notice will be lost. If you intend to consult an attorney, you should do so promptly. Give your attorney a copy of this Notice, and its envelope, and tell him or her the date you received it. Furthermore, in order to avoid any question that you did not act in a timely manner, it is prudent that your suit be filed within 90 days of the date this Notice was mailed to you (as indicated where the Notice is signed) or the date of the postmark, if later.

Your lawsuit may be filed in U.S. District Court or a State court of competent jurisdiction. (Usually, the appropriate State court is the general civil trial court.) Whether you file in Federal or State court is a matter for you to decide after talking to your attorney. Filing this Notice is not enough. You must file a "complaint" that contains a short statement of the facts of your case which shows that you are entitled to relief. Your suit may include any matter alleged in the charge or, to the extent permitted by court decisions, matters like or related to the matters alleged in the charge. Generally, suits are brought in the State where the alleged unlawful practice occurred, but in some cases can be brought where relevant employment records are kept, where the employment would have been, or where the respondent has its main office. If you have simple questions, you usually can get answers from the office of the clerk of the court where you are bringing suit, but do not expect that office to write your complaint or make legal strategy decisions for you.

PRIVATE SUIT RIGHTS -- Equal Pay Act (EPA):

EPA suits must be filed in court within 2 years (3 years for willful violations) of the alleged EPA underpayment: back pay due for violations that occurred **more than 2 years (3 years) before you file suit** may not be collectible. For example, if you were underpaid under the EPA for work performed from 7/1/08 to 12/1/08, you should file suit before 7/1/10 – not 12/1/10 -- in order to recover unpaid wages due for July 2008. This time limit for filing an EPA suit is separate from the 90-day filing period under Title VII, the ADA, GINA or the ADEA referred to above. Therefore, if you also plan to sue under Title VII, the ADA, GINA or the ADEA, in addition to suing on the EPA claim, suit must be filed within 90 days of this Notice and within the 2- or 3-year EPA back pay recovery period.

ATTORNEY REPRESENTATION -- Title VII, the ADA or GINA:

If you cannot afford or have been unable to obtain a lawyer to represent you, the U.S. District Court having jurisdiction in your case may, in limited circumstances, assist you in obtaining a lawyer. Requests for such assistance must be made to the U.S. District Court in the form and manner it requires (you should be prepared to explain in detail your efforts to retain an attorney). Requests should be made well before the end of the 90-day period mentioned above, because such requests do <u>not</u> relieve you of the requirement to bring suit within 90 days.

ATTORNEY REFERRAL AND EEOC ASSISTANCE -- All Statutes:

You may contact the EEOC representative shown on your Notice if you need help in finding a lawyer or if you have any questions about your legal rights, including advice on which U.S. District Court can hear your case. If you need to inspect or obtain a copy of information in EEOC's file on the charge, please request it promptly in writing and provide your charge number (as shown on your Notice). While EEOC destroys charge files after a certain time, all charge files are kept for at least 6 months after our last action on the case. Therefore, if you file suit and want to review the charge file, please make your review request within 6 months of this Notice. (Before filing suit, any request should be made within the next 90 days.)

FACTS ABOUT FILING AN EMPLOYMENT DISCRIMINATION SUIT IN FEDERAL COURT IN THE STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS

You have received a document which is the final determination or other final action of the Commission. This ends our handling of your charge. The Commission's action is effective upon receipt. Now, you must decide whether you want to file a private lawsuit in court. This fact sheet answers several commonly asked questions about filing a lawsuit.

WHERE SHOULD I FILE MY LAWSUIT?

Federal District Courts have strict rules concerning where you may file a suit. You may file a lawsuit against the respondent (employer, union, or employment agency) named in your charge. The appropriate court is the district court which covers either the county where the respondent is located or the county where the alleged act of discrimination occurred. A lawsuit can be filed at the

- The United States District Courts for the District of Massachusetts are located at:
 - o The John Joseph Moakley U.S. Courthouse, 1 Courthouse Way, Suite 2300, Boston, MA 02210 or by contacting the
 - O Donohue Federal Building & Courthouse, 595 Main Street, Room 502, Worcester, MA 01608 or by contacting the
 - o Federal Building & Courthouse, 1550 Main Street, Springfield, MA 01103 or by contacting the Clerk of Court Office at

WHEN MUST I FILE MY LAWSUIT?

Your private lawsuit must be filed in U.S. District Court within 90 days of the date you receive the enclosed final action. Once this 90 day period is over, unless you have filed suit, you will have lost your right to sue.

DO I NEED A LAWYER?

No, you do not need a lawyer to file a private suit. You may file a complaint in federal court without a lawyer which is called a pro se complaint. Every district court has either a clerk or staff attorney who can assist you in filing pro se. To find out how to file a pro se complaint, contact the clerk of the court having jurisdiction over your case who can advise you of the appropriate person to assist you

You may, however, wish to retain a lawyer in order to adequately protect your legal rights. Whether you retain a private attorney, or file pro se, you must file your suit in the appropriate court within 90 days of receiving this mailing.

WHAT IF I WANT A LAWYER BUT CAN'T AFFORD ONE?

if you can't afford a lawyer the U.S. District Court which has jurisdiction may assist you in obtaining a lawyer. You should consult with the office of the district court that assists pro se complainants for specific instructions on how to seek counsel.

Generally, the U.S. District Court charges a \$350.00 filing fee to commence a lawsuit. However the court may waive the filing fee if you cannot afford to pay it. You should ask the office of the District Court that assists pro se complainants for information concerning

HOW CAN I FIND A LAWYER?

These are several attorney referral services operated by bar or other attorney organizations which may be of assistance to you in finding a lawyer to assist you in ascertaining and asserting your legal rights:

American Bar Association The Massachusetts State Bar Association (312) 988-5522 National Employment Lawyers Association Referral Service (617) 338-0500 (212) 819-9450

Your County, City of Municipal Lawyers or Bar Association may also be of assistance.

HOW LONG WILL THE EEOC RETAIN MY CASE FILE?

Generally, the Commission's rules call for your charge to be destroyed after 2 years from the date of a no cause determination or six months after other types of final actions. If you file a suit, and wish us to retain your file for more than the normal retention period, you or your attorney should forward a copy of your court complaint to this office within 10 days after you file suit. IF YOU FILE SUIT, YOU OR YOUR ATTORNEY SHOULD ALSO NOTIFY THIS OFFICE WHEN THE LAWSUIT IS RESOLVED.